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Chromatography Solution C

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the supplier

Product name: Chromatography Solution C

Manufacturer/Supplier Trade name:

Manufacturer/Supplier Article number: S25253

Recommended uses of the product and uses restrictions on use:

Manufacturer Details:

AquaPhoenix Scientific 9 Barnhart Drive, Hanover, PA 17331

Supplier Details:

Fisher Science Education 15 Jet View Drive, Rochester, NY 14624

Emergency telephone number:

Fisher Science Education Emergency Telephone No.: 800-535-5053

SECTION 2 : Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture:



Flammable

Flammable liquids, category 2



Irritant

Eye irritation, category 2A Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure, category 3



Health hazard

Germ cell mutagenicity, category 1B Carcinogenicity, category 1B Aspiration hazard, category 1



Environmentally Damaging

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment, category 2

Flam. Liq. 2
Eye Irrit. 2A
STOT SE 3
Muta. 1B
Carc. 1B
Asp. Tox. 1
Aquatic Acute 2
Aquatic Chronic 2

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements:

Highly flammable liquid and vapour Causes serious eye irritation

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May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

Keep out of reach of children

Read label before use

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Use personal protective equipment as required

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/light/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Avoid release to the environment

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash skin thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Do NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Use agents recommended in section 5 for extinction

Collect spillage

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

Store locked up

Protect from sunlight

Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Non-GHS Classification:

WHMIS





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NFPA/HMIS





HMIS RATINGS (0-4)

SECTION 3 : Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredients:			
CAS 67-64-1	Acetone	10 %	
CAS 8032-32-4	petroleum ether	90 %	
		Percentages are by weight	

SECTION 4 : First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

After inhalation: Loosen clothing as necessary and position individual in a comfortable position. Move exposed to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if necessary. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Get medical assistance if cough or other symptoms appear.

After skin contact: Rinse/flush exposed skin gently using soap and water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice if discomfort or irritation persists.

After eye contact: Protect unexposed eye.Rinse/flush exposed eye(s) gently using water for 15-20 minutes.Remove contact lens(es) if able to do so during rinsing.Seek immediate medical attention.

After swallowing: Rinse mouth thoroughly. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

burning sensation.Irritation.Headache.Nausea.Shortness of breath.;

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If seeking medical attention provide SDS document to physician. Physician should treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 : Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing agents: Use Dry chemical, chemical foam, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam. For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water may be ineffective.

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Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Carbon oxides. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors may cause flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

Advice for firefighters:

Protective equipment: Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8.Use NIOSH-approved respiratory protection/breathing apparatus.

Additional information (precautions): Avoid inhaling gases, fumes, dust, mist, vapor, and aerosols. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.

SECTION 6 : Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Ensure that air-handling systems are operational. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Remove all sources of ignition.

Environmental precautions:

Should not be released into environment. Prevent from reaching drains, sewer, or waterway.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Wear protective eyeware, gloves, and clothing. Refer to Section 8.Always obey local regulations. Containerize for disposal. Refer to Section 13.If necessary use trained response staff or contractor. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep in suitable closed containers for disposal. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth). If necessary use trained response staff or contractor.

Reference to other sections:

SECTION 7 : Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Follow good hygiene procedures when handling chemical materials. Refer to Section 8. Follow proper disposal methods. Refer to Section 13. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not ingest or inhale. Prevent build- up of vapors to explosive concentration. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames. Do not eat, drink, smoke, or use personal products when handling chemical substances. Use under a chemical fume hood. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store in a cool location. Keep away from food and beverages. Protect from freezing and physical damage. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Provide ventilation for containers. Keep container tightly sealed. Store away from incompatible materials.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection







Control Parameters:

67-64-1, Acetone, ACGIH TLV TWA 1,200 mg/m3 67-64-1, Acetone, OSHA PEL TWA 2,400 mg/m3 8032-32-4, Petroleum Ether, OSHA PEL TWA 350 mg/m3 8032-32-4, Petroleum Ether, ACGIH TLV TWA 350 mg/m3

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Appropriate Engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in

> the immediate vicinity of use or handling. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor and mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits (Occupational Exposure Limits-OELs) indicated above. Use under a chemical fume hood. Use adequate general or local explosion-proof ventilation.

Respiratory protection: Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate

> use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. A full face piece respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridge should be worn if

exposure limit is exceeded

Protection of skin: Select glove material impermeable and resistant to the substance. Use

> proper glove removal technique without touching outer surface. Avoid skin contact with used gloves. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wear

protective clothing.

Wear equipment for eye protection tested and approved under **Eye protection:**

> appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses or goggles are appropriate eye protection.

General hygienic measures: Perform routine housekeeping. Wash hands before breaks and at the end

of work. Before wearing wash contaminated clothing. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes, and clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state,color):	Clear Liquid	Explosion limit lower: Explosion limit upper:	approx. 1.1% approx. 5.9%	
Odor:	Natural gas odor	Vapor pressure:	Not Determined	
Odor threshold:	Not Determined	Vapor density:	2.5 (Pet. Ether)	
pH-value:	Not Determined	Relative density:	0.6 (Pet. Ether)	
Melting/Freezing point:	-73 °C (Pet. Ether)	Solubilities:	Insoluble in water	
Boiling point/Boiling range:	35-60 °C (Pet. Ether)	Partition coefficient (noctanol/water):	Not Determined	
Flash point (closed cup):	Acetone) -20 °C (CC) (Petroleum Ether) -18 °C (CC)	Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not Determined	
Evaporation rate:	6.82 (Pet.Ether)	Decomposition temperature:	Not Determined	
Flammability (solid,gaseous):	Flammable	Viscosity:	a. Kinematic:Not Determined b. Dynamic: Not Determined	
Density: Not Determined				

SECTION 10 : Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Nonreactive under normal conditions.

Chemical stability:Stable under normal conditions.Light sensitive.

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Possible hazardous reactions: Acetone reacts violently with phosphorous oxychloride. None under normal processing.

Conditions to avoid: Incompatible materials. Heat, Sparks, Open Flames. Direct Sunlight. excess heat. Ignition

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents. Strong reducing agents. Strong Bases. Nitric acid. sulfur dichloride potassium tert-butoxide. hexachloromelamine. chloroform. alkali, sulfuric acid

Hazardous decomposition products: Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrocarbons

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity:				
Oral:	67-64-1 (acetone)	LD50 Rat: 5800 mg/kg		
Inhalation:	67-64-1 (acetone)	LD50 Rat: 50100 mg/m3/8 h		
Dermal:	67-64-1 (acetone)	LD50 Rabbit: 20000 mg/kg		
Inhalation:	8032-32-4 (petroleum ether)	LD50 Rat: 3,400 ppm/4 h		
Chronic Toxicity: No additional information.				
Corrosion Irritation:				
Ocular:	67-64-1 (acetone)	Rabbit: Mild Eye Irritation - 24 - h		
Dermal:	67-64-1 (acetone)	Rabbit: Mild Skin Irritation - 24 h		
Sensitization:		guinea pig - Does not cause skin sensitisation.		
Single Target Organ (STOT):		May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Numerical Measures:		No additional information.		
Carcinogenicity:		Not listed as a carcinogen (ACGIH, IARC, NTP): 67-64-1 (acetone) Confirmed carcinogen in animal tests.: 8032-32-4 (petroleum ether)		
Mutagenicity:		In vivo tests showed mutagenic effects		
Reproductive Toxicity:		No additional information.		

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 5,540 mg/l - 96 h: 67-64-1 (acetone) Invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 8,800 mg/l - 48 h: 67-64-1 (acetone)

Persistence and degradability: No information Available. **Bioaccumulative potential**: No information Available. **Mobility in soil**: Aqueous solution has high mobility in soil.

Other adverse effects: None identified.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste disposal recommendations:

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Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dispose of empty containers as unused product. Product or containers must not be disposed with household garbage. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to properly characterize all waste materials according to applicable regulatory entities (US 40CFR262.11). Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations. Ensure complete and accurate classification.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN-Number

1993

UN proper shipping name

Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. (Petroleum Ether, Acetone)

Transport hazard class(es)



Class:

3 Flammable liquids

Packing group: II

Environmental hazard:

Transport in bulk:

Special precautions for user:

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

United States (USA)

SARA Section 311/312 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

Acute, Chronic, Fire

SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):

None of the ingredients is listed

RCRA (hazardous waste code):

67-64-1 Acetone - U002

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act):

All ingredients are listed.

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act):

67-64-1 Acetone 5000 lb

Proposition 65 (California):

Chemicals known to cause cancer:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for females:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause reproductive toxicity for males:

None of the ingredients is listed

Chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity:

None of the ingredients is listed

Canada

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Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed.

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 0.1%):

8032-32-4 petroleum ether

Canadian NPRI Ingredient Disclosure list (limit 1%):

67-64-1 Acetone 8032-32-4 Petroleum Ether

SECTION 16: Other information

This product has been classified in accordance with hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.Note:. The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the user. The user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association (USA)

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH)

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System (USA) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations (USA)

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (USA)

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (USA) PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH)

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act (USA)

NPRI: National Pollutant Release Inventory (Canada)

DOT: US Department of Transportation

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